

Chart: The Reform Movement p.433-437

<u>Problem/Issue</u>	<u>Reformer</u>	<u>Reformer's Solution</u>
Religious faith	Peter Cartwright Charles Grandison Finney	"All sin consists in selfishness" people help others
Abuse of alcohol	Temperance movement Neal Dow	Stop the drinking of alcohol
Worker's rights and working conditions	Harriet Hanson	better working conditions
Education	Horace mann Mary Jane Patterson	Bring education to everyone
Treatment of the mentally ill	Dorothea Dix	Improve life for mentally ill
Deaf and blind disabilities	Thomas H. Gallaudet	First American school for the deaf
Prison system	Reformers	Special jails for children rehabilitation of adult prisoners
Focus Question:		
Even though most of the reform movements did not produce a lot of change at the time, why were they incredibly important for the future?		